**PG FSD End Points and Communication Aug cohort**

Day 1 :06/02/2024

MVC using Servlet and JSP

Course 3

We will develop MVC application using Spring MVC or Spring boot

Web Service : Giving the service for web application when two application running using different technologies. Java req

Amazon or e commerce application -🡪 XML/JSON paypal java

Using Servlet and JSP .net paytm asp.net

Php Phone pay php

Python Google pay python

Credit card / debit cart or net banking

Java is platform independent but language dependent programming language.

Xml : eXtensible markup language

Json : java script object notation

Spring Framework and Spring boot, Web Service and Junit testing

After develop our own rest api those rest api we calling in angular application.

We Develop web application using JEE technologies

Servlet and JSP

MVC

Model bean, service, dao, resource etc.

View : html or jsp css and Javascript

Controller : Servlet

Web container part of web server responsible to create the object of servlet and jsp. In ems model layer not up to that mark

To improve model layer EJB came in picture.

Enterprise Java bean : to develop simple ejb application we need to do more configuration. We need ejb container part of application server. EJB is complex.

For EJB Web application ie Servlet and JSP are client. Using EJB we develop distributed application.

JSP Servlet

JSP Servlet EJB payment gateway

JSP Servlet

JEE

Servlet -🡪 controller layer

JSP -🡪 view layer

EJB -🡪 model layer

Framework : Framework provide set of api which internally connected to each other to perform specific task. Framework internally follow standard rules. Framework provide implementation of design pattern. Design pattern is known as best practice or solution of repeating problem. If we develop any application with help of framework 70 to 80% task taken care framework. But framework is not final product it like a template or protocol.

Angular angular is framework

React with Redux react is library

Angular and React as well as Vue JS which help to develop

SPA application

Angular use MVC and React use V in MVC.

React provide virtual dom and angular doesn’t provide.

Java api, python api : it may be classes or interfaces or function or modules etc.

Rest api

Java frameworks

Struts : Struts is an open source web framework provided by Apache. Struts internally follow MVC architecture design pattern. It provided lot of api to improve view layer, controller layer and model layer. But among that controller layer is very strong. So struts is known as controller centric framework.

JSF JSF is an open source web framework provided by Oracle. JSF internally follow MVC architecture design pattern. It provided lot of api to improve view layer, controller layer and model layer. But among that view layer is very strong. So JSF is known as view centric framework.

Hibernate : Hibernate is an open source framework provided by JBoss. Which help to connect the database. Hibernate is use to improve dao layer. Hibernate use ORM (Object Relation mapping )

Spring framework : spring is an open source light weighted layer or onion architecture framework.

Spring framework provided lot of module which help to improve all type of application or layers.

Spring framework modules.

1. Spring core
2. Spring context
3. Spring dao
4. Spring Web or Spring MVC : it internally follow MVC Architecture design pattern. It provided lot of api to improve view, controller and model layer. Spring MVC is known as model centric framework.

Spring Framework Vs EJB

1. Spring Rest
2. Spring security
3. Spring cloud
4. Spring micro service
5. Spring ORM
6. Spring AOP
7. Spring boot

Etc

IOC : Inversion of Control . it is a concept. It is also known as programming design pattern.

According to IOC in place creating or maintaining any resources explicitly allow to create by container. If container create it will maintain properly. You only need to pull from container use it and leave it.

DI : Dependency Injection : DI is an implementation of IOC.

Spring framework support two type of DI

1. Constructor base
2. Setter base
3. Property base

In Spring Framework we can achieve DI using

1. XML base Configuration
2. Annotation base configuration

Spring container part of jar file which is responsible to create object for normal java bean class. that class in spring framework is known as POJO. Plain Old Java Object. That class not to extends or implements any pre defined class except Object class.

Web Container part of web server it will create the object of class only that type is type of servlet or jsp.

Struts : in Struts web container will create the object that class it class type of struts.

BeanFactory is core interface provided by spring core and context module which help to pull the object from xml.

Singleton design pattern : only one memory need to create.

By default spring container create singleton object for pojo class.

If you want to each time whenever we pull from container new memory then we need to use protype.

Constructor base DI Vs setter base DI

Using constructor base Setter base DI internally use empty

Di we need achieve fully DI. Constructor Base DI. Using setter we override the value

We can’t achieve partial DI in setter order doesn’t matter as well as we

It can be empty or parameter can achieve partial DI.

Empty default value.

Parameter passed value.

Parameterized DI order matter.

Day 7 :07/02/2024

Autowired

Spring framework by default Inject or DI for primitive value implicitly. Like 0,0.0,null, false etc.

But if class contains complex or user defined object it doesn’t inject implicitly we need to inject explicitly using property ref or constructor ref attribute.

Using auto wired features we can achieve di for complex property implicitly rather explicitly using property ref or constructor ref.

byType : if we use auto wired byType then spring container search or scan the xml file if that type bean definition which is part of class present in xml file it automatically inject.

In byType autowired we need only bean definition of that type. If more than one bean

Definition present then we need to use byName

byName: byName id name and reference name must be match(part of pojo class) .

@Component : This annotation we need to use on pojo class. This annotation is equal to

<bean class=”com.Address”></bean>

By default id name is address in using camel naming rules.

If class contains one word then then id name must be in lowercase. If class contains more than one word then id name must be first word lower case and second word onward first letter upper case.

Example

Address then id name is address

EmployeeInfo id name is employeeInfo

CustomerDetails id name is customerDetails

@Component

@Autowired this annotation we need to use on complex property.

@value this annotation is use to set initial value for those property.

By default @Component annotation is disable.

We need to enable using

1. Using xml file
2. Using configuration class with few more annotation.

ApplicationContext : it is an interface which internally extends BeanFactory interface which provided set of method which help to pull the object from a container.